





founder and supporter of free schools. The guides of our fathers and the emigrants to New England were plebeians; and the States which have adopted the free school system give large majorities for the Democracy. But we cannot proceed farther without doing injustice to this beautiful, just, and eloquent treatise on the nature and principles of a Democratic Government.

**Mr Van Buren's Letter to the Hon. Sherrod Williams.**—The Albany Argus of the 15th inst., publishes a letter from Mr Van Buren, containing a full and explicit statement of his political views in regard to the surplus revenue—the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of public lands—appropriations to improve navigable streams above ports of entry—the United States Bank, and the Expunging Resolution. It is learned, forcible, and explicit, and we shall lay it before our readers in full at some future time; this morning we are only able to give the following abstract:—

In regard to the propriety of a law for the distribution of the surplus revenue, Mr Van Buren declares the opinion that Congress does not possess the power, under the Constitution, to raise money for distribution among the States. He thinks that any system by which a distribution is made among the States, of moneys collected by the Federal Government, would introduce vices into the legislation of both governments (General and State governments) productive of the most injurious effects. The Depository Bill, (recently passed) will remove any pretence of a speedy necessity of such a step, and give time to provide against the recurrence of a redundancy of revenue. It would be a great misfortune if that law were regarded by the country as pledging the future course of its legislation. The circumstances under which it was passed were of an extraordinary character, and cannot well again occur. To the bill, as amended, the President gave his assent, and he (Van Buren) would have given to the bill a similar direction if it had become his duty to decide on the question of its passage or rejection. It is now for the majority of the people to decide whether this measure shall be tolerated as a temporary expedient, forced upon the country by extraordinary circumstances, or whether the distribution of the public deposits shall be the present and forerunner of future distributions of the public revenue. He hopes that the public voice will demand that this species of legislation shall terminate with the emergency that produced it; by taking early and efficient steps to prevent the recurrence of the evil which rendered the measure necessary.

The next subject of inquiry regards the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, among the States according to the federal population of each. He thinks that the accumulation of large tracts in few hands should be discontinued (in order to effect this object), but the particular measures by which these results are to be secured is a matter of detail to be settled by Congress. The disposition of the public lands proposed by the bill to which President Jackson refused his assent, was highly objectionable. He is of opinion that the avails of the public lands will be more equitably and faithfully applied to the "common benefit of the United States," by their continued application to the wants of the Treasury than by any other mode that has yet been suggested. He says, therefore, that in the event of his election to the Presidency, he shall not favor that policy.

The next question is whether he approves bills making appropriations to improve navigable rivers above ports of entry. He does not consider the rule adopted by the President for the regulation of his conduct in this matter as free from objection, but he is satisfied that it has been productive of much good, and will give it his support until a more satisfactory one is suggested.

In regard to the question whether he will sign and approve a bill, under certain circumstances, chartering a United States Bank, he answers, that he holds, as he has formerly stated, 1st, that Congress does not possess the power to establish a National Bank in any of the States of the Union, nor to establish in such States, the branch of any bank located in the District of Columbia. 2d. That he is, therefore, decidedly opposed to the establishment of a National Bank in any of the States, and is also opposed to the establishment of any such bank in the District of Columbia, as unnecessary and inexpedient, and liable to great abuses. He thinks that the Constitution does not give Congress power to erect corporations within the States. He is opposed to the assumption of that power on the part of Congress, upon any pretence whatever. He shall consider his election, therefore, as an expression of the will of the people that there shall not be any Bank of the United States until the people see fit to give Congress the constitutional right to establish one. As to the benefits alleged to have been rendered by the Bank of the United States, he thinks the same objects can be accomplished without the agency of any such institution, and to a greater and more useful extent without it than with it. He thinks that gold and silver should constitute a greater proportion of the circulating medium of the country than they now do. He considers other countries wiser than we are in this respect, and that their wisdom is shown in prohibiting small notes, which indirectly causes the accumulation of gold and silver in the hands of the people. It is high time, he thinks, that we returned to the constitutional policy; and the first step in the way of reform is, that the Federal Government confine itself to the creation of coin, and that the States afford a fair chance for circulation. Nothing but a faithful prosecution by the General Government and by the States, of the policy of the present administration, in regard to a specie circulation, is necessary to place us on a footing of equality in this respect with other nations.

The last question seeks to know his opinion, as to the constitutional power of the Senate or House of Representatives to expunge or obliterate from the journals the records or proceedings of a previous session. With the journals of neither House, he replies, can the President have properly anything to do. He does not, therefore, consider this question as necessary one to be put to a candidate for the Presidency. He merely remarks that he regards the passage of Col. Benton's Preamble and Resolutions to be an act of justice to a faithful and greatly injured public servant, not only constitutional in itself, but imperiously demanded by a proper respect for the well known will of the people.

#### ELECTION NEWS.

Charleston, S. C. papers to Saturday last have been received at New York.

**Alabama State Elections.**—The Mobile Chronicle, of the 5th inst., reports the success of the White Ticket in Dallas, Montgomery, Wilcox, Perry, and Lowndes counties, and of the entire Van Buren Ticket in Baldwin and Clarke counties. In Monroe co., one Van Buren and one White Candidate elected. In the Senatorial District, composed of Clarke and Monroe, Smith, the Van Buren Candidate is said to be elected by a considerable majority. In 22 counties in North Carolina, Speight, (V. B.) is nearly 3000 votes ahead. A large majority of the members of the Legislature are elected as Democrats.

No further news from Illinois.

Some few returns from Indiana have reached us, which look favorable for the success of the Democrats.

**Military Etiquette.**—By some recent developments, it appears that the Providence Uniform Companies are enemies in peace. At the Centennial Celebration, the Light Infantry refused to serve on the left, and did not appear in the escort; but, together with their guests, the Boston City Guards, walked without arms in the procession with their fellow citizens. When in passing through the escort, they came to the Providence Artillery, Col. Martin, of that corps, ordered it to right about face. The Artillery obeyed orders, and showed the Guards and Infantry how well they looked behind! This mannerly maneuver received a volley of hisses from the spectators, and the next day Col. Martin, who felt the pressure of public opinion, waited on Capt. Macomber, of the Guards, to assure him that the insult was not intended for the Guards, but was given for the exclusive benefit of the Infantry. Capt. Macomber only replied, that as the insult was public, so must the apology be also. Query:—The Guards having at the time neglected to charge the Artillery in their "seats of honor" with the points of their boots, can they claim any other satisfaction now?

**Indian Gallery of Portraits.**—We recommend to our readers to visit Amory Hall, where they may see a splendid exhibition of Indian Portraits. They were executed by Mr. King, of Washington city, under the care of the Hon. James Barbour. These portraits illustrate the features of eighteen different tribes. Although the faces have certain common resemblances, yet we may discern among them the same variety of features and expression which is discernable among the different faces of white men. There may be seen the countenances of warriors, of orators, of men who were brave and daring, and of those who were wise and prudent; of fools, coxcombs, and bullies. There are likewise two or three interesting female faces. Nearly all the different tribes may be distinguished from one another by some peculiarity of feature; a circumstance which proves that they do not intermarry with one another. We think the most noble faces do not belong to the half breeds, but to the genuine Indian. Most of the faces of the half breeds are stamped with the expression of effeminacy. Judging from this exhibition, the Indian countenance has more beauty than we had supposed.

**Reason answered by Calumny.**—In the Northampton Courier of the 17th inst. is a specimen of that personal calumny, which the supporters of the whig party invariably inflict upon every rising member of the democracy. It is a personal attack upon Mr. Bancroft, in answer to the arguments of his late Oration. The editor does not attempt to expose the fallacy of a single principle or statement in the oration—but in order to defeat its influence on the minds of the people, basely calumniates the author. It is, however, too evidently the ebullition of party malignity, to produce much influence upon the sober minded members of the community, who know that personal calumny is always the resort of that party, in any species of controversy, which is conscious of the weakness and injustice of its cause.

**We wish it to be particularly understood** that Chevalier Neukomm has not come to Boston—does not intend to come to Boston—and cannot be coaxed to come to Boston. It will be of no use to cry, and sigh and moan about it; he has caught cold—has a mustard poultice on his lungs, and will not come here unless the poultice should happen to be made of Yankee mustard, and strong enough to draw him over!

**But, nil desperandum.**—Malibari ban on our sweet shores on the 18th of July, or thereabouts, and she is worth a score of any Chevaliers in Christendom.

**Mrs. Anderson** played admirably in *The Stranger* on Wednesday night, at the National. Lyne is too hard—he rolls his *rs* into a knot as solid as a cannon ball—his action is stiff and formal, and his enunciation too slow and turgid. Crane is more easy and natural and has some very good points. Smith's Francis has always been considered excellent acting. Johnson's Solomon was very good. Jones's Peter, good, but a little over acted. Day lacks confidence, he should walk down to the foot lights one or twice and take a bold stare. Speak louder! D. The female characters were all well sustained.

The Atlas sometimes speaks truth by accident. It says, that if Mr Van Buren is elected, the Whigs must give up the great principles for which they have been contending. Yes, and it is fortunate for the country that they must give them up. Their greatest principle is, "the sacrifice of the good of the many for the advantage of the few;" or if they like the language attributed to their god-like candidate better, this:—"Let the government take care of the rich, and the rich will take care of the poor."

**Encouraging for Webster, Harrison, and Avallity.**—At a meeting of the Whigs of Dorchester, on Wednesday evening last, four of them arose from their "apathy" and ventured as far as the school-house, to which they were notified by the Boston papers, but not with courage enough to strike a light. Perhaps they preferred darkness, because their deeds were not congenial to DEMOCRACY.

**Dorchester, August 18, 1836.**  
The Whig Editors which his Ex. Governor Everett round the country with the velocity of lightning. On Wednesday, at 1 P. M. we saw him on board the Independence, manifesting no signs of locomotion; but on taking up the Courier of yesterday morning, we find that he has since flown to Williamstown, a distance of one hundred and thirty miles from here.

The Atlas appears to have postponed indefinitely the consideration of its third point or head concerning the Treasury circular. That cock won't fight. Well, we don't care; it saves us the trouble of "explaining the nonsense."

The Eastern Argus is rather severe upon its contemporary—here is one of its hits:—  
"The Gazette seems to draw the principal part of its nourishment from the New York 'Branch,' which, by the way, generally sucks the orange dry, and throws the skin to the 'old Portland.'"

**Trouble Brewing.**—A Harrison Whig applies to the editor of the Worcester Palladium to know whether the approaching State Convention is to be for Harrison or Webster.

The Editor of the Northampton Courier says that town is capable of raising the greatest calf—sk. has enjoyed that reputation ever since Mr Atwell has resided there.

Why is the deserted club-room, at the Norfolk House, like the great English epic?—Because, it is *Milton's Paradise Lost*.

**Cooling off.**—In consequence of the heat of the weather, the Court adjourned from their room in Court street, New Orleans, to the Ice House in Charles street!!!

The Exchange Office of Mr R. T. Bicknell, Philadelphia, has been robbed of \$800.

Chief Justice Savage, of New York, has resigned his office.

Benjamin F. Farnsworth, has been unanimously elected President of Georgetown College, in Kentucky.

In Indiana they sell potatoes at 10 cents a bushel, and give chickens away.

**Travelling Cabinet!**—Amos Kendall, Post Master General, was in this town, on Saturday last. He ties up to "Father Dunstable," in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. He don't belong here, as some of our brethren of the quill have erroneously given out.—*Dunstable Telegraph.*

We have always been at a loss to determine why Mr Kendall should have been selected as the special object of whiggish obloquy and calumination, unless it be true that the slanders and sneers of the whigs are always proportioned to the talents and moral worth of the individuals of the opposite party—and most of course fall the most heavily upon the best men. This affection of contempt for a man of Mr Kendall's superior talents and high standing, is a true specimen of the ridiculous, and worthy only of a simon or a blackguard.

Major Hoxey has been fighting the Indians near Flint River. He has had four battles with them, in which 50 or 60 of the enemy have fell, and 12 white men. The whole number of Indians consists of about 150, and are closely followed up—they will soon be cut off.

One half of the troops, both at Micanopy and Fort Drane, are unfit for duty. They are broken down by fever and ague.

**Fire at Newburyport.**—A stable occupied by the Eastern Stage Company, at Newburyport, was destroyed by fire on the night of Thursday last, with its entire contents, including all the sleighs of the Company, valued at \$3000, and two horses. Loss estimated at \$4000—no insurance. The fire is supposed to have originated in carelessness.

Reeve's benefit at the Park on Monday, was very full, and his speech very funny. He said that he was not accustomed to extemporaneous speaking, and asserting that it had been his failing, not his fault; and  
"If to my fate some trivial errors fall,  
Look in my face, and pray forget them all."

**A Camp Meeting** will be held at Eastham, Barnstable county, next week, commencing on Wednesday.

**Steam Boat Explosion and loss of lives.**—The Baltimore Patriot furnishes us the particulars of a steam boat explosion, and the loss of twelve lives! The name of the boat was the "Motto." She was making her first passage up the Ohio. The cause assigned for the fatal calamity is, that the boat struck a bar, and was forced to her effort to ascend; and in the act of making a second effort to surmount the obstruction, her engineer is reported to have declared that she should go over or burst her boiler.

The Louisville Public Advertiser of the 8th inst. says: Intelligence has been reached by Arkansas, that the Mexicans had destroyed Robertson's Colony in Texas; that the whole frontier is in arms; and that Gen. Gaines had ordered the 7th infantry and the dragoons to march on to Nacogdoches. He had also called on Arkansas for 1000 men.

**Murder and Suicide.**—Hiram Norton inhumanly murdered his wife with an axe, on the Chester river, in Forsyth county, on the 30th, causing her death instantly. In the river of it to the neighbors, and then drowned himself in the river. The event is imputed to religious melancholy in the husband.

**Mr. Editor.**—Permit me to say to your fellow citizens that the Lexington Boarding School, an advertisement of which they will find in another column, is under very wholesome regulations. Gentlemen of the city who have sons to send from home to school will do well to send some. "Prove all things; hold fast that which is good."

A PARENT.

Lexington, Aug. 17th, 1836.

**FANFILL HALL VEGETABLE MARKET.**—Green Peas, \$1.20 per bushel. New Potatoes, 75 cts to \$1 per bushel. String Beans, \$1.10 to \$1.25 per bushel. Turnips, 6 to 8 cts per bushel. Onions, 3 to 4 cts per bushel. Carrots, 6 to 8 cts per bushel. Cucumbers, 17 to 25 cts per doz. Lettuce, 4 to 6 cts per head. Cabbages, 6 to 8 cts per head. Rhubarb, 5 to 6 cts per lb. Cabbages, 6 to 8 cts per head. Tomatoes, 25 cts per doz. Beets, 6 cts per bushel. Summer Squash, Long Warts and Early Bush, 25 cts per doz. Green Corn, 17 to 20 cts per doz. Cauliflowers, 25 to 30 cts each. Shell Beans, 8 to 10 cts per qt. Fruit:—Gooseberries, 27 cts per qt. Currants, 8 to 10 cts per qt. Raspberries, 37 to 50 cts per box. Blueberries, 12 cts per qt. Blackberries, 25 cts per box. Watermelons, 12 cts per bushel. Greenhouse Grapes, \$1.25 per lb. Peas to \$8.40 per bushel. Apples, 4 to 6 cts per bushel. Peaches, (greenhouse) \$4 per doz. Watermelons, 25 to 30 cts each. Apricots, (very fine) 75 cts to \$1 per box.—N. E. Farmer.

**BRIGHTON MARKET.**—MONDAY, AUG. 15.

[Reported for the Daily Advertiser and Patriot.]

At market, 521 beef cattle—20 cows and calves—2289 sheep, and a swine.

Priced:—Beef Cattle.—Last week's prices were not supported and about 60 head sold. Extra fine at 42¢—prime 37¢ and 40¢—2d quality 35¢ and 37¢—3d quality 27¢ and 32¢.

Cows and Calves.—We noticed sales at 26¢, 31.50, 35, 38, 45 and 75¢.

Sheep and lambs.—Ordinary lots were taken at \$2 and 2.50—better qualities at \$3 and 4.50.

Swine.—None at market.

**DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.**—The Democrats of the several towns in Middlesex county, are requested to choose many Delegates as they are respectively entitled to Representatives in the General Court, to attend a Convention to be held at Smith's Tavern, in Woburn, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st of September next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of nominating a list of Senators and Representatives, and transacting such other business as may come before them.

The Democrats in the several towns in District No. 4, are also requested to choose Delegates to meet at the same place representative to Congress for said District.

At 10 o'clock, A. M. to nominate a candidate for Representative to Congress for said District.

At 11 o'clock, A. M. to nominate a candidate for Representative to Congress for said District.

At 12 o'clock, P. M. to transact such other business as may come before them.

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## EXCURSION AMONG THE ISLANDS.

With a Band of Music.

The Steam Packet GEN'L LINCOLN, Capt. G. H. Smith, will leave for the islands, on Friday, August 11, at 10 o'clock, and make an excursion among the islands, weather permitting, touch at Hingham, stop one hour, and return to the city at 5 o'clock. The boat will touch at Gray's wharf, Charlestown, at 11 o'clock, for passengers—returning, will leave them at the same place. Fare, 75¢ each way.

## FOR NAHANT.

The splendid low pressure Steam boat MOUNT PLEASANT, Capt. G. H. Smith, leaves Gray's wharf, Boston, every day, (excepting Sunday) at 9 and 12 o'clock. On Sundays the boat leaves Boston at 10 A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. and returns at 11 A. M. and 6 o'clock P. M. The boat will start punctually at the above hours. Fare, 75¢.

N. B.—The Mount Pleasant will leave Nahant every Monday at 7 o'clock, in addition to the regular trips. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain, on board, at the above wharf.

## FOR ST. PETERSBURG.

The ship ROSA, Wm. Symmes, master, is to be despatched on the 20th inst. For freight or passage, apply to JOHN BROWN & CO., 19 Commercial wharf, Boston.

## FOR SAVANNAH.

The superior coppered ship TUSCANY, C. Littlefield, master, will receive freight till tomorrow, and will start for Savannah on Monday, at 10 o'clock. For freight or passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, 110 Milk street.

## FOR SALE, FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The fast sailing coppered brig LION, Capt. J. H. Smith, 162 tons register, built in 1852, carries a full cargo, well fitted, and is chartered on reasonable terms. Apply to DANIEL DESHON, 6 Long wharf, Boston.

## WANTED TO CHARTER.

A good vessel, of about 100 tons, for Cuba and back to Boston. Apply to P. S. SHELTON, 14 India wharf.

## FOR SALE.

The fast sailing gk dech Sch. ELIZA JANE, 75 tons register—built all of white oak—well found in sails, rigging, &c. Will be sold if applied for soon to DANIEL DESHON, 6 Long wharf.

## FOR SALE.

The new coppered schooner HELEN MAR, 53 tons register—has about ten inches break—built of oak, and is well calculated for a packet or wharfed business. Apply to DANIEL DESHON, 6 Long wharf.

## FOR SALE.

The fast sailing Sch. MARY, 79 tons register, built of good materials, well found, and will answer for a lighter or the fishing business. Apply to DANIEL DESHON, 6 Long wharf.

## MOUNT WASHINGTON HOUSE.

The Suburban, who formerly kept the United States Hotel, and lately the Pavilion at Saratoga, would respectfully inform the public that he has taken charge of the new and splendid House (recently erected on the mountain Heights at South Boston) called the Mount Washington House, and that he will be ready on the 11th instant, in the afternoon, and every succeeding afternoon during the week, to attend to Gentlemen who may wish to select rooms, and on Monday the 13th inst. be prepared for the reception of company.

The location of the House, for beauty and variety of prospect and purity of air, is not surpassed by any in this vicinity, it commands an entire view of the Harbor, City, and surrounding country, and though but with a few minutes' walk or a short ride, it possesses all the retirement of an inland village.

The internal arrangements of the House are calculated to be of the first order, and every exertion will be used to give satisfaction to its inmates. The House contains about two hundred rooms, has spacious piazzas, a fine promenade on the mountain, built in the most thorough manner, and no expense has been spared to render it safe, convenient and agreeable place of residence. The west wing is particularly appropriated for Ladies and Gentlemen with their families.

There is connected with the House spacious and convenient Bathing Rooms, and also attached to the establishment a large Stable, capable of accommodating 150 horses, and the facility of several omnibuses which will arrive and leave every half hour, and be in readiness to convey passengers to and from the different Railroad depots, Steamboats, and business part of the City.

## HAMPTON BEACH HOTEL.

The subscriber, late of the New Hampshire Hotel, Dover, N. H., would inform his friends and the public, that he has taken the Hampton Beach Hotel, situated on Boar's Head, where he would be happy to wait on all those who may favor him with their patronage. Ladies and Gentlemen, with their families, can be accommodated with board by the proprietor.

## FOR SALE.

A three story brick House, situated in Orange street, containing kitchen, two parlors, eight chambers, and large attic, with every convenience for a genteel residence—will be sold low, and terms easy. Inquire of B. F. WHITE, 70 State street, up stairs.

## TO LET.

Six Tenements, situated in Devonshire street, next to the Exchange Office, fitted for business purposes, and will be ready for occupancy in the course of next week. Inquire of E. JACKSON, Bath st.

## FOR SALE.

Two 2 story Houses, nearly new and pleasantly situated—very convenient and good water of both kinds—will be sold low if applied for soon. Apply to B. F. WHITE, 70 State st. up stairs.

## ROOMS TO LET WITH BOARD.

One front Parlor and three front Chambers—rooms furnished—situation quiet. For information, apply at this office.

PROPOSALS will be received by the subscriber at Waterbury Arsenal, till the 1st of August, instant, for furnishing seasoned White Oak Timber for Gun Carriages, of the following dimensions, and subject to inspection. Persons proposing will state their price per cubic foot, and mark their letters—Proposals for furnishing Timber. The subscriber reserves the right of rejecting any and all proposals.

No. of pieces.	Transverse dimensions.	Length.
104	6 1/2 inches by 14 1/2 inches.	7 feet 9 inches.
104	6 1/2 " " 14 1/2 "	4 " 8 "
40	5 1/2 " " 15 "	7 " 0 "
40	5 1/2 " " 15 "	4 " 2 "
104	9 1/2 " " 14 1/2 "	12 " 4 "
52	10 1/2 " " 12 1/2 "	16 " 6 "
40	10 1/2 " " 13 1/2 "	12 " 4 "
20	10 1/2 " " 14 1/2 "	16 " 6 "
52	9 1/2 " " 11 1/2 "	2 " 4 "
52	11 1/2 " " 15 1/2 "	2 " 4 "
20	9 1/2 " " 12 1/2 "	2 " 0 "
20	9 1/2 " " 12 1/2 "	2 " 0 "
20	10 " " 15 1/2 "	2 " 0 "

Several lengths may be delivered in one piece.

H. K. CRAIG, Maj. of Ordnance.

Waterbury Arsenal, Aug. 12, 1836.

THE ROXBURY INDIA RUBBER COMPANY, having completed all their arrangements, and fully succeeded in their experiments for the manufacture of India Rubber Goods on a new and improved principle, are now ready to execute all orders for quality and despatch. Their cloths, being now prepared without the use of any solvent in the application of the raw material, are more light, durable and elegant. They are not liable to the objection entertained against all similar articles hitherto manufactured, of a disagreeable odor. They are entirely without stain, unadhesive and pliable. Having, by the newly discovered process, been subjected to the intensest heat, they cannot be melted under the hottest sun. They are warranted to be perfectly water-proof. A bag, prepared in this way, filled with papers, may be under water for a year, without the slightest moisture of the papers.

As the goods are delivered at and shipped from the manufactory, without the charge of any commission to the Company, and as by the recent ingenious invention, they can be made at less cost, they are offered at a low price. Orders forwarded to

Agent of the Roxbury India Rubber Company, Roxbury, Mass.

DESIGN ET ECOLE FRANCAISE ET ANGLAISE, at Washington City. A young lady, fully capable of the English branches of education, including the Piano, Drawing, Embroidery, may obtain a desirable situation in the Seminary of Madame Dorman, where a teacher is wanted in the English Department. The advantage of having two schools, French and English, in the same house, is duly appreciated by parents who wish to have their children taught both languages.

Mrs. DORMAN gives her personal attention to teaching in the French Department, and is encouraged and rewarded by the success which has hitherto attended her efforts to impart instruction and advance her pupils in useful and ornamental acquirements.

The French and English Schools will commence the first Monday in September. Comfortable boarding for pupils. For terms, references, and other particulars, apply (post paid) to Madame Dorman, Pennsylvania Avenue, between 4th and 5th streets, Washington City.

Washington, Aug. 6, 1836.

BROADCLOTHS.—A few cases Rock Bottom Broadcloth, in Blues, Greens, Whites and Browns—just received from the Factory. For sale at No 35 Water street, by CHARLES BRADLEY & CO.

## TREMONT THEATRE.

THIS EVENING, Aug. 13, Will be performed the celebrated Drama of the HOPE OF WISHTON-WISH. Maj. Gough, Mrs. Gough, Mrs. Houghton, Mrs. M. Celeste.

To conclude with the celebrated Drama of the MOORISH PAGE! Or...The Knight of the Bleeding Heart! ADHIEL, Robert, Mrs. M. Celeste, Mrs. Muzze.

The Box Office will be open every day at 11 o'clock, A. M. at which time places may be taken. Prices—Boxes, \$1. Third Tier, 75 cents. Gallery, 25 cts.

## NOTICE.

TO CLAIMANTS under the act entitled "An act to carry into effect a convention between the United States and Spain."

Ordered, That all persons having claims under the convention between the United States and Spain, which are to be paid on the 17th day of February, 1837, which are to be received by the Board, do file a memorial of the same with the Secretary of this Board, to the end that they may hereafter be duly examined and the validity and amount thereof be decided upon according to the facts and circumstances, and the suitable and authentic testimony concerning them, which may be furnished in support thereof. The said memorial must be addressed to this Board; it must set forth minutely and particularly the various facts and circumstances, and the affidavits to prefer such claims is derived; and must be verified by the affidavit of the claimant.

And, in order to prevent unnecessary delay and to expedite the business of this Board, it is further Ordered, That all the necessary and sufficient to support the respective claims aforesaid be filed with the Secretary of the Board at the time of filing the respective memorials thereof; or, on or before the first Monday of December next, to which day the Board will adjourn.

And in order that the claimants may be informed what is now considered by the Commission, as essential to be considered and established, before any such memorial can be received by this Board, it is further Ordered, That each claimant shall declare, in his said memorial, for, and in behalf of whom the claim is made, if allowed, does now, and at the time when said claim arose, did belong solely and absolutely to the said claimant, or any other, and if after, and what person, and in cases of claims preferred for the benefit of any other person, the memorial to be exhibited must further set forth, when, why, and by what means, and for what consideration, such other has become entitled to the amount, or any part of the amount claimed.

The memorial required to be exhibited by all claimants, must also set forth and certify, whether the claimant, as well as any other for whose benefit the claim is preferred, is now and at the time when the claim arose, was, a citizen of the United States of America where he is now, and at the time said claim arose, was domiciled, and if any, what change of domiciliation has since taken place.

The said memorial must also set forth whether the claimant, or any other who may have been at any time entitled to the amount claimed, or any part thereof, has ever received any, and if any, what sum of money, or other equivalent or indemnification by way of insurance or otherwise, for loss or injury sustained, satisfaction for which is therein asked; and if any such payment or indemnification has been made, to set forth when and from whom the same was received. And that time may be allowed to claimants to prepare and file memorials above mentioned, and the necessary proof, it is further Ordered, That when the Board shall close its present session, it adjourn to meet again on the first Monday of December next, at which time it will proceed to decide upon the memorials, filed with the Secretary, are in conformity to the foregoing orders, and to pass upon the proof and validity of such of them as may be found in conformity to these orders.

Ordered, That the Secretary of this Board do cause three hundred copies of the above orders to be printed for the use of the claimants, and also that the publishers of the laws of the United States at Washington; Portland, in Maine; Portsmouth, in New Hampshire; Boston, in Massachusetts; Providence, in Rhode Island; Hartford, in Connecticut; New York, in the State of New York; Philadelphia, in Pennsylvania; Baltimore, in Maryland; Richmond, in Virginia; Raleigh, in North Carolina; Savannah, in Georgia; New Orleans, in Louisiana; and also the National Intelligencer, in Washington; and the Commercial Advertiser in Salem, Massachusetts, be requested to publish this notice three times a week for six consecutive weeks, and three times in the first week of November next.

By JOHN I. MUMFORD, Secretary.

ALL communications relative to claims under the above act, must be addressed to the Secretary, at Washington; and the publishers of the papers designated in the foregoing orders are requested to publish the above notice in conformity to the orders, and to transmit their bills to the Secretary.

Stavus aug 6

WRITING & BOOK-KEEPING ESTABLISHMENT, 116 WASHINGTON STREET.

THE object of this institution is to improve the imperfect handwriting of adults, and to qualify young gentlemen for the counting House, in a superior and expeditious manner. PENMANSHIP, COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC & DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING.

Is so simple and so easy to eradicate the most confirmed scribble, and to substitute in its place a neat, rapid style of writing, adapted to the practical and every day purposes of life.

BOOK-KEEPING, BY SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENTRY is taught in a practical manner—the learner is exercised in making original entries in the most concise and correct manner in drawing out invoices—accounts—receiving and accepting of bills—averaging by simple and compound equation, &c. Each pupil is taught individually, and not by general explanation, which one out of ten might perhaps comprehend at the expense of the other nine. Questions are freely answered and illustrated by cases in point.

The learner obtains, in addition to the above, a complete set of Books, in which are combined all the most useful and accessible principles of the ordinary course of business, and is thus qualified to act as Book-keeper in the most extensive mercantile establishments.

After the pupil has been made to understand the immutable principles on which the art is founded, the different systems of French into English, or from the English into French, are explained. French into English, or from the English into French, are explained.

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## NATIONAL THEATRE.

THIS EVENING, August 13, 1836, Will be acted Morton's Comedy, in 5 acts, of TOWN AND COUNTRY! Reuben Gleason, Mr. Pelby, Robert Glenroy, Mr. Johnson, Hon Mrs. Glenroy, Mrs. Pelby, Rosalie Smolens, Mrs. Smith.

Fancy Dance by Miss Angelica. To conclude with the Farce of a ROLAND FOR AN OLIVER! Sir Mark Charles, Mr. Johnson, Maria Darlington, Mrs. W. H. Smith.

Prices—Boxes 75 cts—Third Tier 50 cts—Pit 37 1/2 cts—Gallery 25 cts.

## NOVEL AND INTERESTING EXHIBITION.

Exact likenesses of one hundred and eighteen Indian Chiefs, Warriors and Hunters, may be seen, for a limited time, in the Amory Hall, corner of Washington and V. street. This valuable collection represents eighteen tribes of Indians, viz—Chippewa, Ottawa, Seneca, Creek, Uchee, Osage, Cherokee, Choctaw, Sauk, Fox, Winnebago, Seneca, Pawnee, Ioway, Menominee, Sioux, Shawnee and Mahia.

These Portraits are copies, by Immam, from the celebrated collection in the War Department at Washington. Of that collection, the Hon. James Barbour, late Secretary of War, and afterwards Minister to the Court of St. James, thus writes:

"During my administration of the War Department, many tribes of the North American Indians sent Deputations of their head men, or Chiefs, to Washington, for the purpose of transacting business with the Department over which I presided. Col. McKean, to whom was assigned the bureau of Indian Affairs, suggested to me the expediency of preserving the likenesses of some of the most distinguished among this extraordinary race of people. Believing, as I did, that this race was about to become extinct, and that a faithful resemblance of the most remarkable among them would be full of interest to posterity, I candidly approved the measure. This duty was assigned to Mr. King, of Washington, an artist of acknowledged reputation—he executed it with fidelity and success, producing the most exact resemblances, including the costume of each. (Signed) JAMES BARBOUR."

This is the finest opportunity the citizens of Boston have ever had, and it is very probable it will be the last, of seeing "exact" representations of so many tribes of our Red Men; or of standing in the midst of one hundred and eighteen of their Chiefs, and Warriors, and Hunters—who seem themselves to stand.

In the green forests of their native land." Hours of admission from nine in the morning till sundown. It is intended to have evening exhibitions, which will commence as soon as lights can be provided—of which due notice will be given.

Price of Admission 25 cents. Season Tickets 50 cents. Catalogues to be had of the little boy at the Hall. Price 12 1/2 cts.

## CONCERT HALL.

Exhibition every evening, (Saturday and Sunday excepted) consisting of Mr. HARRINGTON'S unrivalled Exhibition of

VENTRILOQUISM, MAGIC, AUTOMATON FORTUNE TELLER, AND the magnificent and new exhibition of the CONFLAGRATION OF MOSCOW.

Tickets, 50 cents each, children half price—to be had at the popular Hotels, and at the door on the day and evening of performance. Doors open at half past 7—exercise to commence at 8 1/2.

ATHENIUM GALLERY.—The Tenth Annual Exhibition of Pictures in the Atheniium Gallery, will be opened every day, from 7 o'clock, A. M.

Season Tickets, for 3 months, 50 cents; single do, 25 cents. L. DAVIS, T. W. WARD, G. C. CARY, SAMUEL LAWRENCE, JOHN BRYANT, JR., J. McLELLAN, Jr., Committee.

FRANCIS BRINLEY, JR. & CHARLES GILMAN, COUNSELLORS AT LAW, 100 CORNHILL.

Refer to Messrs E. A. Winchester, Faulkner & Reed, W. C. Stimpson & Co., Thomas A. Dexter, Esq., Henry H. Huggeloff, Esq.

DR WILLIAM INGALLS, JR., ROOM AT No 8, Somerset Place.

WOODBERRY, DIX & HARTWELL, Importers and Dealers in WATCHES, CLOCKS, AND RICH JEWELRY, PLATED & SILVER WARE, LAMPS, &c. 183 Washington street, Boston.

GENTLEMEN'S READY MADE CLOTHING, Constantly for sale by J. & W. W. ROSS, No 7 Congress Street.

STOCKS, GLOVES, HOSIERY—BRACES, Gentlemen's Ready Made CLOTHING, of choice fabric and best workmanship, for sale by DARWIN CHAFFIN, At his Furnishing Store, 89 Washington street, at wholesale and retail.

REAL ESTATE.—For sale, two undivided third parts of lot of valuable estate, situated in Court Street, next to the New Court House, and bounded north by Court street, 22 feet 3 inches; westerly by a passage way 39 feet; northerly by Joseph Marshall, 174 feet; southerly by land formerly of William Scollay 314 feet; and easterly by land of the county of 200 feet two hundred and thirteen feet.

The above will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to JAMES ANDREWS, 45 Commercial wharf, or to C. G. & F. C. LORING, 30 Court Street.

BOSTON AND GORHAM GUNPOWDER.—The Agent of the above manufacture, who has continued to sell the Boston and Gorham Gunpowder, has orders from the owner to reduce the price and warranty quality. Purchasers are solicited to call at No. 1, City wharf, for price and terms.

P. S. The Agents in other cities are—Mr J. B. Gardner, Portland; Mr G. F. Newhall, Salem; Mr E. B. Billings, New York; Messrs T. Deland & Co., Philadelphia; Messrs Clark & Kellogg, Baltimore.

NOTICE.—A meeting of the Stockholders of the Roxbury Coffee House, on Wednesday, the 14th of August, at 10 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of considering the expediency of creating six hundred additional shares, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them.

By order of the Directors, E. JOHNSON, Jr., Clerk.

NOTICE.—The subscriber having taken the store No 113 Washington street, recently occupied by Benj. D. Baxter, offers for sale an assortment of Groceries and Groceries, upon as favorable terms as can be found in the city, and respectfully solicits a share of patronage.

By J. B. BURLINGAME.

LEXINGTON BOARDING SCHOOL, AND PRIVATE ACADEMY.—Timo, P. Ropes, William H. Ropes, Miss Esther J. Coburn, Teachers.

Lexington, Aug. 12th, 1836.

PROPOSALS for the removal of 2,000 to 3,000 squares of land under construction, being a part of the Railroad now being constructed there, will be received till the 22nd inst. by WILLIAM GLEESON, East Cambridge, or HUGH CUMMINSKY, East Boston.

MACHINE BELTING.—Just received from the Boston and Lynn India Rubber Factory, a good assortment of the above superior article, at the Company's Warehouse, No 5, State street. Constantly on hand a good assortment of every kind of India Rubber Goods.

JAMES I. BOURNE, Selling Agent.

TO SELL OR LEASE, that large and valuable Wharf on Front Street, occupied by E. Hayward, Post session given immediately for terms and plans apply to THOMAS C. AMORY JR., No 4 Court square.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting the crew of the Sicilian brig Alessandro, as no debts will be paid by the master or consignees.

BRUSH WHISKY.—A pure and old 40 proof brandy, which is very superior article, just received and now for sale by J. LEEDS, JR. & CO. 15 Long wharf.

PANCA TIN.—For sale by HOSLER & LYNN, 64 Milk st.

50 DOZ. HAY FORKS.—Just received, 50 dozen sharp bradawl-like Forks, at No 41 Commercial st., and for sale by A. GERISH.

HAMPSHIRE CLOTHS.—Blue and Green Hampshire cloth, for sale by GRANT, SEEVER & CO., 5 Liberty square.

NEGRO NEGRO CLOTHS.—For sale by GRANT, SEEVER & CO., 5 Liberty square.

MONEY BELTS.—A new and desirable article for travellers. For sale by DARWIN CHAFFIN, No. 30 Washington Street.

## AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.—Purchasers of Dry Goods are respectfully requested to examine the stock of the late Messrs J. H. Bradford & CO. to be sold at their store, This Morning, at 10 o'clock. A more beautiful assortment of Linens than ever exhibited in this city—which, together with a variety of other reasonable goods, renders it an object for purchasers to attend.

COOLIDGE & HASKELL. BY LORING NEWCOMB, Office Nos 27 & 29 Exchange street.

STOCK OF GROCERIES.—This day, at 9 o'clock, for the benefit of whom it may concern—At store in Backstreet, two doors from Hanover st., consisting of a general assortment of W. I. goods—sugars—cocoa—chocolate—shells—champagne and other wines—run gin—brandy—cordials—Spanish and other cigars—oil kegs tobacco—do cashes—oil—salt fish—dried apples—figs and raisins—spices—stone and earthen ware—bys—candles—North-east and Southern honey—variety of other articles.

CLOTHING, &c. To-morrow, at 9 o'clock, at office. A large lot of new and second hand clothing—consisting of coats—pants—vests—frock coats—suits—do for summer jackets—50 do pants—shirts—overall—boots—shoes—hats.

Dry goods—watches—jewelry—and numerous other articles. BY J. M. ALLEN, Corner of Milk and Congress streets.

NOTICE.—Mr John Smith, who purchased a horse on Saturday last, will confer a favor by calling on the subscriber.

J. M. ALLEN.

DRY GOODS. This day, at 9 o'clock, at office. Without reserve, to finish a number of invoices—An extensive variety of valuable articles, viz—ladies' worsted and cotton stockings—lamb's wool socks—French silk—ribbons—brocade—do—London and French prints—American do—cashes—oil—salt fish—dried apples—figs and raisins—spices—stone and earthen ware—bys—candles—North-east and Southern honey—variety of other articles.

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